We claim:

1. A composition for use in targeting endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells which express NP-1, which comprises a compound of the formula (I)

A-L-B (I)

- 5 in which
  - A is a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2), or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2);
- 10 L is a linker; and
  - B is a substrate.
- A composition according to claim 1, wherein A is a multimer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO:
   or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue.
  - 3. A composition according to claim 2, wherein A is a tetramer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue.
- A composition according to claim 1, wherein B comprises
   B<sub>1</sub>, a lipid able to bind the linker in a covalent or non-covalent manner.
- 5. A composition according to-claim 4, in which B<sub>1</sub> comprises a synthetic or naturallyoccurring generally amphipathic and biocompatible compound, selected from the 25 group consisting of fatty acids; lysolipids; phospholipids; phosphatidylinositol; sphingolipids; glycolipids; glucolipids; sulfatides; glycosphingolipids; phosphatidic acids; lipids bearing polymers; lipids bearing sulfonated mono- di-, oligo- or polysaccharides; cholesterol, cholesterol sulfate; cholesterol hemisuccinate; tocopherol hemisuccinate; lipids with ether and ester-linked fatty acids; polymerized 30 lipids; diacetyl phosphate; dicetyl phosphate; stearylamine; cardiolipin; phospholipids with short chain fatty acids of about 6 to about 8 carbons in length; synthetic phospholipids with asymmetric acyl chains; ceramides; non-ionic liposomes; sterol esters of sugar acids; esters of sugars and aliphatic acids; saponins; glycerol dilaurate; glycerol trilaurate; glycerol dipalmitate; glycerol; glycerol esters; long chain 35 alcohols; 6-(5-cholesten-3β-yloxy)-1-thio-β-D-galactopyranoside; digalactosyldialyceride: 6-(5-cholesten-3β-yloxy)hexyl-6-amino-6-deoxy-1-thio-β-D-galacto-

pyranoside; 6-(5-cholesten-3β-yloxy)hexyl-6-amino-6-deoxyl-1-thio-β-D-manno-pyranoside; 12-(((7'-diethylaminocoumarin-3-yl)carbonyl)methylamino)octadecanoic acid; N-[12-(((7'-diethylaminocoumarin-3-yl)carbonyl)methylamino)octadecanoyl]-2-aminopalmitic acid; N-succinyldioleylphosphatidylethanolamine; 1,2-dioleyl-sn-glycerol; 1,2-dipalmitoyl-sn-3-succinylglycerol; 1,3-dipalmitoyl-2-succinylglycerol; 1-hexadecyl-2-palmitoylglycerophosphoethanolamine; palmitoylhomocysteine, and combinations thereof.

- A composition according to claim 1, wherein B comprises
   B<sub>2</sub>, a non-lipid polymer able to bind the linker in a covalent manner.
  - 7. A composition according to claim 6, in which B<sub>2</sub> comprises B<sub>2a</sub> a polymer useful for producing microparticles, or B<sub>2b</sub>, a non-ionic surfactant.
- 8. A composition according to claim 7 in which B<sub>2a</sub> is selected from the group consisting of polyvinyl alcohol (PVA) and a polyoxyethylene-polyoxypropylene block copolymer.
  - 9. A composition according to claim 7, in which B<sub>2a</sub> comprises a bead which is derivatizable and is attached to a detectable label.
  - 10. A composition according to claim 9, in which the detectable label is a fluorescent or radioactive marker.
  - 11. A composition according to claim 1, in which B comprises a bioactive agent.
  - 12. A composition according to claim 1, in which B comprises a delivery vehicle for genetic material.
- 13. A composition according to claim 1, in which B comprises a delivery vehicle for a drug or therapeutic.
  - 14. A composition according to claim 1, in which B comprises Bc, a metal chelating group.
- 35 15. A composition according to claim 14, in which the metal chelating group is complexed with a metal.
  - 16. A composition according to claim 15, in which the metal chelating group is complexed with a radioactive metal.
  - 17. A composition according to claim 16, in which the metal chelating group is complexed with a radioactive metal useful for radiotherapy.

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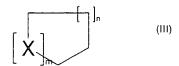
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- 18. A composition according to claim 16, in which the metal chelating group is complexed with a radioactive metal useful for imaging.
- 19. A composition according to claim 16, in which the metal is selected from the group consisting of: <sup>99m</sup>Tc, <sup>67</sup>Ga, <sup>68</sup>Ga, <sup>111</sup>In, <sup>88</sup>Y, <sup>90</sup>Y, <sup>105</sup>Rh, <sup>153</sup>Sm, <sup>166</sup>Ho, <sup>165</sup>Dy, <sup>177</sup>Lu, <sup>64</sup>Cu, <sup>97</sup>Ru, <sup>103</sup>Ru, <sup>186</sup>Re, and <sup>188</sup>Re.
- 20. A composition according to claim\_14, in which the metal chelating group Bc is selected from the list consisting of: N<sub>4</sub>, N<sub>3</sub>S, N<sub>2</sub>S<sub>2</sub> and NS<sub>3</sub> chelators.
  - 21. A composition according to claim 20, in which the metal chelating group Bc comprises oxa-PnAO.
- 22. A composition according to claim 21, in which A comprises a tetramer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) and the metal chelating group is complexed to <sup>99m</sup>Tc.
  - 23. A composition according to claim 1, in which L is a bond or is derived from :
- an alkyl chain C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6000</sub>, linear or branched, saturated or unsaturated, optionally interrupted or substituted by one or more groups such as: O, S, NR, OR, SR, COR, COOH, COOR, CONHR, CSNHR, C=O, S=O, S(=O)<sub>2</sub>, P=O(O)<sub>2</sub>OR, P(O)<sub>2</sub>(OR)<sub>2</sub>, halogens, or phenyl groups, optionally substituted by one or more -NHR, -OR, -SR, -COR, -CONHR, -N-C=S, -N-C=O, halogens, in which
- 25 R is H or an alkyl group C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>, linear or branched, optionally substituted by one or more –OH:
  - such a chain can be interrupted or substituted by one or more cyclic groups  $C_3$ - $C_9$ , saturated or unsaturated, optionally interrupted by one or more O, S or NR; by one or more groups such as: -NHR, -OR, -SR, -COR, -CONHR, or a phenyl group optionally substituted by one or more -NHR, -OR, -SR, -COR, -CONHR, -N-C=S, -N-C=O, halogens.
  - 24. A composition according to claim 23, in which the cyclic groups present in L are saturated or unsaturated, and correspond to the following general formula (III)



35 in which

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n can range from 0 to 4;

m can range from 0 to 2;

X can be NH, NR, O, S or SR.

- 25. A composition according to claim 23, in which the linker L is an oligopeptide comprising 1 to 100 natural or synthetic amino acids.
- 26. A composition according to claim 25, in which the amino acids are selected from the group consisting of glycine, glutamic acid, aspartic acid, γ-amino-butyric acid and trans-4-aminomethyl-cyclohexane carboxylic acid.
  - 27. A composition according to claim 23, in which L is derived from diffunctional PEG-(polyethyleneglycol) derivatives.
  - 28. A composition according to claim-23, in which L is selected from the group consisting of: glutaric acid, succinic acid, malonic acid, oxalic acid and PEG derivatized with two CH<sub>2</sub>CO groups.
- 29. A compound of the formula (IIa) for use in targeting endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells which express NP-1

in which

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A is a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2);

L is a linker; and

B<sub>1a</sub> comprises a phospholipid moiety of the formula (II),

25 where

M is an alkaline or alkaline- earth metal cation;

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$  independently, correspond to a linear long chain  $C_{12}$ - $C_{20}$ ;

saturated or unsaturated, optionally interrupted by C=O, or O; and

X<sub>2</sub> is selected in a group consisting of

Phosphatidic acid ethanolamine

NH2

serine

Glycerol

OH

inositol

HO

ÒН

saturated linear long chain C<sub>12</sub>-C<sub>20</sub>.

OH

141

30. A compound according to claim 29, in which  $R_1$  and  $R_2$  are independently a

31. A compound according to claim\_30, in which the phospholipid of formula (II) phospholipid group consisting of: comprises selected from the dimyristoylphosphatidylethanolamine, dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine, diarachidoylphosphatidylethanolamine, distearoylphosphatidylethanolamine, fluorinated dioleylphosphatidylethanolamine, dilinoleylphosphatidylethanolamine, analogues of any of the foregoing, and mixtures of any of the foregoing.

- 32. A compound according to claim 31, in which the phospholipid of formula (II) comprises dipalmitoylphosphatidylethanolamine.
- 33. A composition for use in targeting endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells which express NP-1, comprising a compound selected from the group consisting of:

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- 34. An ultrasound contrast agent comprising a suspension of gas-filled microbubbles, in which the microbubbles comprise a compound of any one of claims 29 to 32.
- 35. An ultrasound contrast agent comprising a suspension of gas-filled microbubbles, in which the microbubbles comprise a compound of claim 29 and the gas comprises a fluorinated gas.
- 36. An ultrasound contrast agent comprising a suspension of gas-filled microbubbles in which the microbubbles comprise a compound of claim 29 in which A is TKPPR tetramer and the gas comprises SF<sub>6</sub> or a perfluorocarbon selected from the group consisting of C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>8</sub>, C<sub>4</sub>F<sub>10</sub>, C<sub>5</sub>F<sub>12</sub>, C<sub>6</sub>F<sub>12</sub>, C<sub>7</sub>F<sub>14</sub> and C<sub>8</sub>F<sub>18</sub>.
- 15 37. A compound for use in targeting endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells that express NP-1 of the formula

A-L-B<sub>3</sub>

where

L is a linker; and

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A is a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2);

B<sub>3</sub> is a biodegradable, physiologically acceptable polymer.

- 38. An ultrasound contrast agent comprising a suspension of gas-filled microballoons, in which the microballoons comprise a compound of claim 37.
- 39. An ultrasound contrast agent comprising a suspension of gas-filled microballoons, in which the microballoons comprise a compound of claim 37 in which A is a TKPPR tetramer and the gas comprises a gas selected from the group consisting of: air; nitrogen; oxygen; CO<sub>2</sub>; argon; xenon or krypton, a fluorinated gas, a low molecular weight hydrocarbon, an alkene or an alkyne and mixtures thereof.
- 40. A compound for use for use in targeting endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells which express NP-1 comprising a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2).
- 41. A compound for use in inhibiting angiogenesis comprising a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2).
- 42. A pharmaceutical composition for use in targeting endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells which express NP-1, comprising:
  - a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2); and
- 30 a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

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- 43. A pharmaceutical composition for use in inhibiting angiogenesis comprising:
- a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2); and

a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

44. A pharmaceutical composition for use in inhibiting angiogenesis comprising:

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a tetramer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells that express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2); and

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a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

- 45. A process for preparing a compound of claim 1 comprising:
  - a) obtaining a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or an analogue thereof;

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b) conjugating the monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) with the linker to give a compound of formula (IIb); and

A-L (IIb)

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c) forming a covalent or non-covalent bond between a compound of formula (IIb) and the substrate B or forming a covalent bond between the substrate B and the linker to form a conjugate B-L, and conjugating of the conjugate B-L with the monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or an analogue thereof.

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46. A process according to claim 45, in which the compounds of formula (IIb) are prepared as illustrated in the following Scheme

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(Pg = protecting group)

in which

the steps a), b), and c) are all condensation reactions performed under basic conditions, and step d) is a condensation in basic conditions with the linker.

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- 47. A method of imaging an angiogenic site in an human or animal comprising:
  - a) administering to said human or animal a composition comprising a compound of the formula (I)

10 A-L-B (I)

in which

A is a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells which express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2);

L is a linker; and

- B is a substrate, where B comprises a detectable moiety; and
- b) detecting said moiety.

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48. A method of imaging endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells that express NP-1 in a human or animal comprising:

a) administering to said human or animal a composition comprising a compound of the formula (I)

in which

- 5 A is a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells which express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2);
  - L is a linker; and
- 10 B is a substrate, where B comprises a detectable moiety; and
  - b) detecting said moiety.
  - 49. A method of ultrasound imaging comprising administering an ultrasound contrast agent comprising a suspension of gas-filled microbubbles, in which the microbubbles comprise a compound of the formula (IIa)

in which

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- A is a monomer, multimer or polymer of TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) or a TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2) analogue which specifically binds to NP-1 or cells which express NP-1 with avidity that is equal to or greater than TKPPR (SEQ ID NO: 2);
- L is a linker; and
- B<sub>1a</sub> comprises a phospholipid moiety of the formula (II),

25 where

M is an alkaline or alkaline- earth metal cation;

 $R_1$  and  $R_2$  independently, correspond to a linear long chain  $C_{12}$ - $C_{20}$ ;

saturated or unsaturated, optionally interrupted by C=O, or O; and

X<sub>2</sub> is selected in a group consisting of

H phosphatidic acid ethanolamine

NH2

serine

glycerol

HO

OH

inositol

- 50. A method of staging a tumor in a human or an animal comprising administering a composition comprising a detectable moiety and a compound of claim 1 to said human or animal and detecting said moiety in said human or animal.
- 51. A method of screening at least one agent for the ability of said agent to target endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells that express NP-1, comprising contacting said cells in vitro with a composition of any one of claims 7 to 9.
- 52. A method of screening at least one targeted ultrasound contrast agent for the ability of said agent to target endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells that express NP-1, comprising contacting said cells in vitro with a composition of any one of claims 7 to 9.
- 15 53. A method for the therapeutic delivery in vivo of a bioactive agent to a patient suffering from effects associated with angiogenesis-related disorders comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a composition of any one of claims 11 to 13.

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- 54. A method of treating an individual exhibiting effects of an angiogenesis-related disorder comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of a composition of any one of claims 11 to 13.
- 55. A composition according to claim 12, wherein B comprises a delivery vehicle for genetic material selected from the group consisting of: a virus particle, a viral or retroviral gene therapy vector, a liposome, a complex of cationic lipids and genetic material and a complex of dextran derivatives and genetic material.
- 56. A method for delivering desired nucleic acids to endothelial cells, tumor cells or other cells expressing NP-1, comprising administering a therapeutically effective amount of the composition of claim 55.
- 57. A method of enhancing endothelial cell-targeted gene therapy comprising incorporating compounds of claim 40 in or on the delivery vehicle for genetic material.
  - 58. A method of enhancing tumor cell-targeted gene therapy comprising incorporating compounds of claim 40 in or on the delivery vehicle for genetic material.
  - 59. A method of enhancing gene therapy targeting angiogenic cells comprising incorporating compounds of claim 41 in or on the delivery vehicle for genetic material.
- 25 60. A method for imaging of a human or animal comprising:
  - a) administering to said human or animal a composition according to any one of claims 16,18,19,21 or 22; and
- b) imaging all or part of said human or animal using a camera that detects radiation.
  - 61. A method for imaging of a human or animal comprising:
    - a) administering to said human or animal a composition according to claim 21/2; and
    - b) imaging all or part of said human or animal using a camera that detects radiation.

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- 62. A method for treating a human or animal with a tumor or angiogenesis-related disease comprising administering to said human or animal a therapeutically effective amount of a composition according to either one of claims 17 or 19.
- 5 63. A kit for preparing a radiopharmaceutical comprising a composition of claim 14 or a pharmaceutically acceptable salt thereof.
  - 64. A kit according to claim 63, further comprising an exchange ligand.
- 10 65. A kit according to either claim 63 or 64, further comprising a reducing agent.